

VEGETABLE AND HERB PLANTING RECOMMENDATIONS

From North to South and East to West, Alameda County has many different microclimates. Even your own garden may have several, depending on shade, wind or proximity to a reflective wall. So use this chart as a general guild for planting times.

University of California

Remember, most vegetables like at least 6 hours a day of sun. Summer veggies like corn and tomatoes like even more, while cool season crops like chard and lettuce can tolerate a little less.

Most of these recommendations are taken from Pam Pierce's book *Golden Gate Gardening*, with input from various Master Gardeners based on their own experience.

Cool Season	Notes	When to Plant
Artichoke	Large plant—needs space. Often gets aphids. From rootstock.	Oct – Dec
Asian Greens	Bok Choy, Chinese cabbage, mizuna, etc. Best in winter and spring. From seeds or seedlings.	Aug – April
Asparagus	Perennial; don't harvest 'til 3 rd spring. Lots of space. From crowns.	Jan – March
Beets	Year round, but best in winter. From seeds or seedlings.	Year round
Broccoli	Best in winter or early spring. From seedlings.	Jul – Sept; Feb – March
Cabbage	Best in winter or early spring. From seedlings.	Jul – Sept; Feb – March
Carrots	Year round. From seeds.	Feb – Aug
Cauliflower	Best in winter or early spring. From seedlings.	Jul – Sept; Feb – March
Chard	Year round in cooler microclimates. From seeds or seedlings.	Year round
Collards	Year round, but best in winter. From seeds or seedlings.	Year round
Fava Beans	Best in winter/spring. Nitrogen producer, good cover crop.	Jan – Mar, Sep - Nov
Garlic	Winter. From certified bulb cloves	Oct – Feb
Kale	Year round, but best in winter. From seeds or seedlings.	Year round
Leeks	Year round but best in winter and spring. From seeds or seedlings.	Feb – Oct
Lettuce	Year round in cooler microclimates. From seeds or seedlings.	Year round
Mustard	Year round in cooler microclimates, but best in winter. From seeds or seedlings.	Year round
Onions (bulb)	From seeds or sets (avail in fall), harvest late spring or summer.	Aug – March
Onions (green)	From seeds or sets. Can pick bulb onions when young.	Aug – March
Peas	Best in winter or early spring. From seeds or seedlings.	Sept – Nov; Feb – March
(green/sugar)		
Potatoes	Need lots of space. Use nursery seed potatoes to help prevent disease.	Feb; May; Aug
Spinach	Best in spring or winter. From seeds or seedlings.	Mar – Apr; Aug – Sept

Warm Season	Notes	When to Plant
Corn	Needs sun/heat. Marginal in cooler microclimates. From seeds.	Apr – July
Cucumbers	Best if grown with support.	Apr – June

2017-06-27

UC MASTER GARDENER PROGRAM of ALAMEDA COUNTY 224 West Winton Avenue, Room 134, Hayward, California 94544 HELP DESK: 510/670-5645 or acmg@ucanr.edu FACEBOOK: facebook.com/AlamedaCountyMasterGardeners WEB: acmg.ucanr.edu The University of California prohibits discrimination or harassment of any person in any of its programs or activities. See the complete Nondiscrimination Statement at ucanr.edu.



University of California

Agriculture and Natural Resources UC Master Gardener Program Alameda County

Beans (green)	Bush or climbing (needs support). From seeds.	Apr – July
Beans (shelling)	Need more heat and take longer to mature than green beans. From seeds.	Apr – May
Eggplant	Needs warm nights; results marginal in cooler microclimates.	Мау
Melons	Heat loving. Try only in warmest microclimates and start early.	Apr – May
Peppers (sweet)	Need warm nights, minimal protection in cooler microclimates. From seedlings.	April – June
Peppers (hot)	More productive than sweet peppers in cooler microclimates. From seedlings.	April – June
Squash (summer)	Needs lots of space & produces heavily. From seeds or seedlings.	Apr – June
Squash (winter) (Includes pumpkins)	Needs lots of space; best grown with support. Long season – plant early. From seeds or seedlings.	Apr – June
Tomato	Heat lover. Needs warm nights (60°+) for good fruit-set. Early varieties do best (not heirlooms) in cooler microclimates. Best to have support – cages or stakes. Best not to grow successive years in the same spot to prevent disease buildup. From seedlings.	April – May

Herbs	Notes	When to Plant
Basil	Likes sun and heat. From seedlings.	April – June
Cilantro	Year round in cooler microclimates, but best in winter or spring. From seeds in successive plantings & harvest whole plants. Sun or partial shade. Bolts quickly in warm microclimates.	Year round
Dill	Likes sun and heat – not good in foggy or windy gardens.	April – June
Mint	Perennial; invasive, best grown in containers. Likes some shade, especially in warm months. From seedlings.	Year round
Oregano	Perennial; plant will spread. Full sun. From seedling.	Year round
Parsley	Year round – best fall to spring. Some shade OK. From seedlings.	Aug – Oct, Feb – April
Sage	Perennial; not fussy. Full sun. From seedlings.	Year round
Tarragon (French)	Perennial; dormant in winter. From seedling. Full sun.	Year round
Thyme	Perennial; plant will spread. Full sun. From seedling.	Year round